

**ECE ECE145A (undergrad) and ECE218A (graduate)**

**Mid-Term Exam. November 12, 2014**

Do not open exam until instructed to.

Open notes, open books, etc

You have 1 hr and 15 minutes.

Use any and all reasonable approximations (5% accuracy is fine. ) , ***AFTER STATING THEM.***

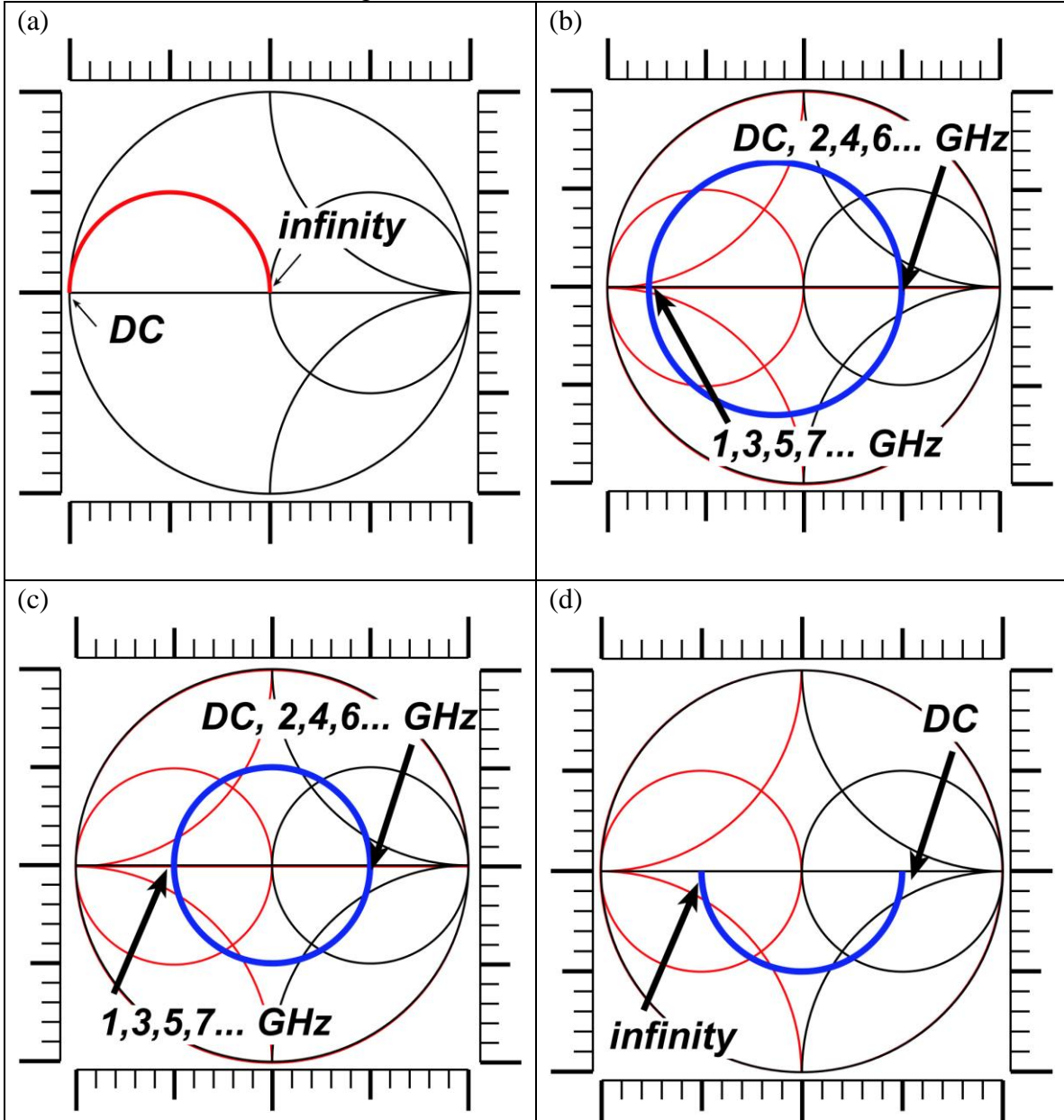
Problem	Points Received	Points Possible
1		15
2a		10
2b		15
3a		10
3b		10
3c		10
4		15
5		15
total		100

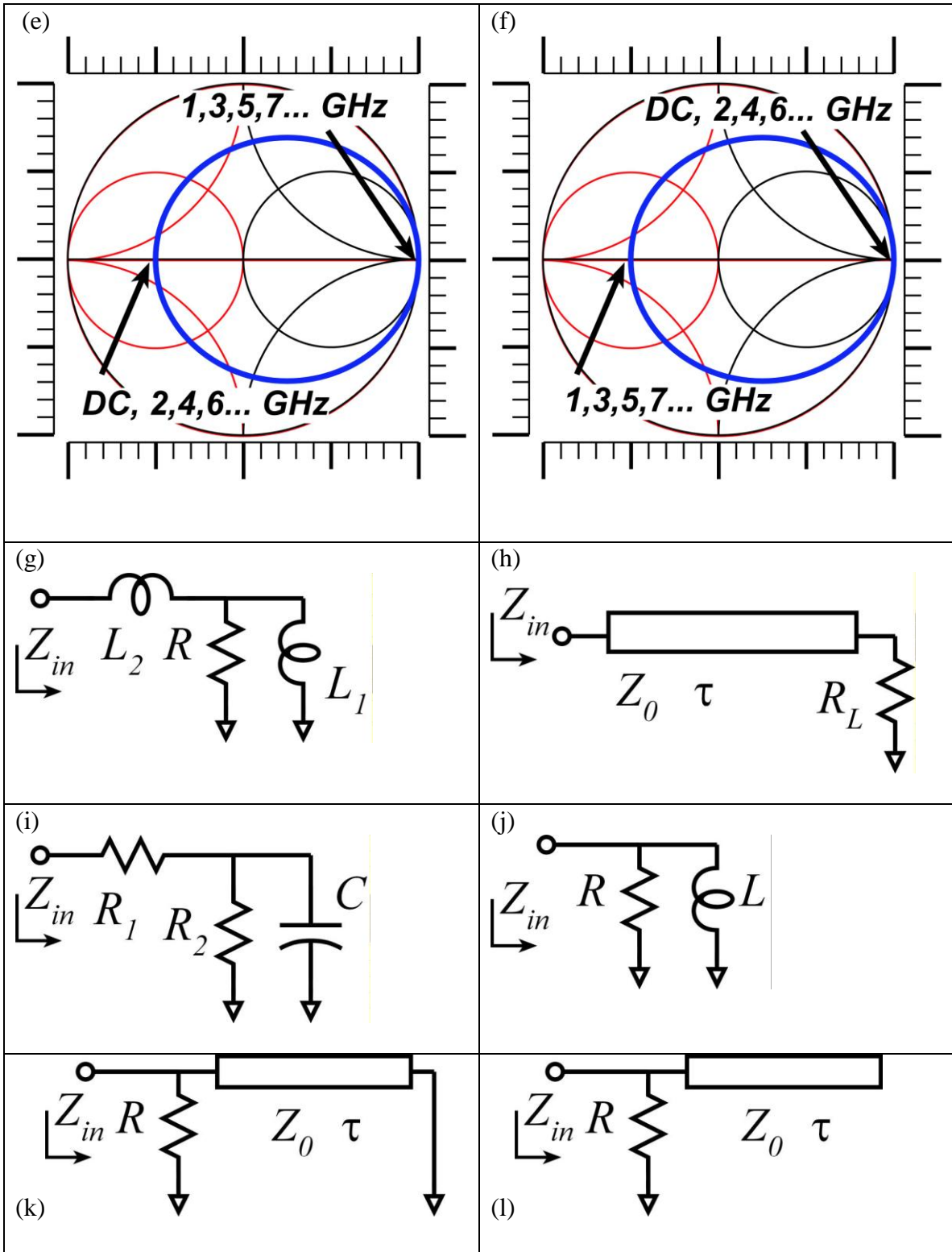
**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Problem 1, 15 points**

*The Smith Chart and Frequency-Dependent Impedances.*

HINT: use the scales on the figures to measure distances as needed.





First match each Smith Chart with each circuit. ***Then determine as many component values as is possible*** (RLC values, transmission line delays and characteristic impedances)...note that some values cannot be determined with the information given. The charts all use 50 Ohm normalization:

Smith chart (a). Circuit=\_\_\_\_\_. Component values=\_\_\_\_\_

Smith chart (b). Circuit=\_\_\_\_\_. Component values=\_\_\_\_\_

Smith chart (c). Circuit=\_\_\_\_\_. Component values=\_\_\_\_\_

Smith chart (d). Circuit=\_\_\_\_\_. Component values=\_\_\_\_\_

Smith chart (e). Circuit=\_\_\_\_\_. Component values=\_\_\_\_\_

Smith chart (f). Circuit=\_\_\_\_\_. Component values=\_\_\_\_\_



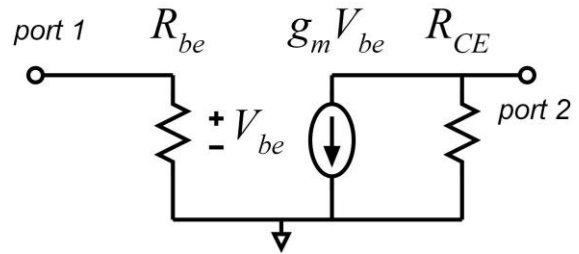
**Problem 2, 25 points**

*2-port parameters and Transistor models*

Part a, 10 points

For the network at the right, give algebraic expressions for the four Y-parameters and for the four S-parameters.

Assume a normalization to impedance  $Z_0$  for the S parameters.

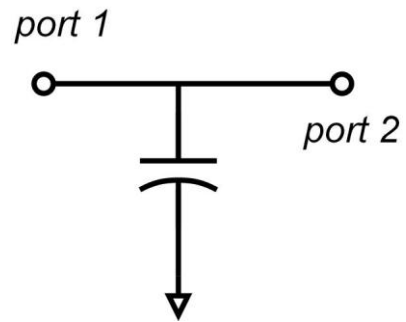




Part b, 15 points

First, compute  $S_{11}$  and  $S_{21}$ , both as a function of frequency, for this network.

Second, find the frequency at which  $S_{21}$  has a magnitude of 0.7071, i.e. is down 3dB from the DC value.







**Problem 3, 30 points**

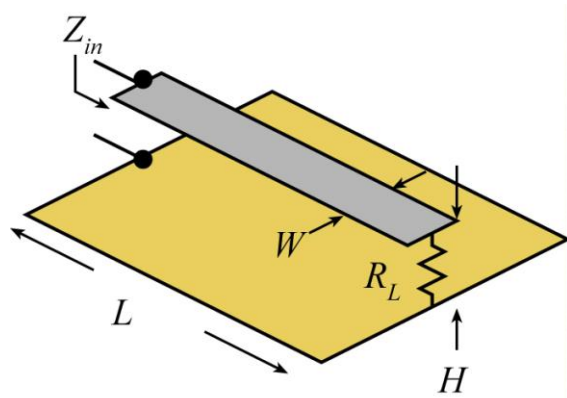
*Transmission-line theory*

Hint: we are testing here your understanding of transmission-lines and their relationships to lumped elements. If the calculation appears to be extremely difficult, you may possibly be missing some key insight.

Part a, 10 points

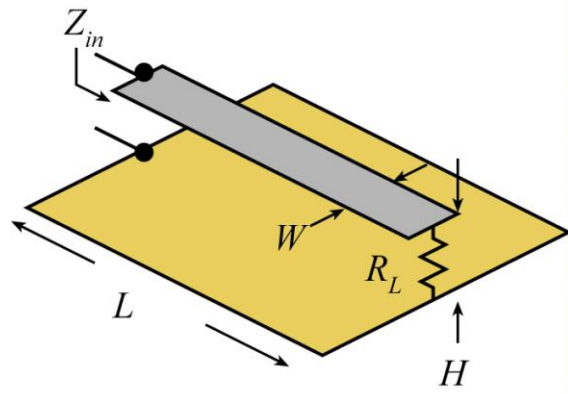
Ignoring fringing fields, you have a microstrip line of 3cm length, 5mm width and 1 mm height above a ground plane. The dielectric constant is 1.0.

Find the characteristic impedance of the line, the velocity, the total line inductance, and the total line capacitance.



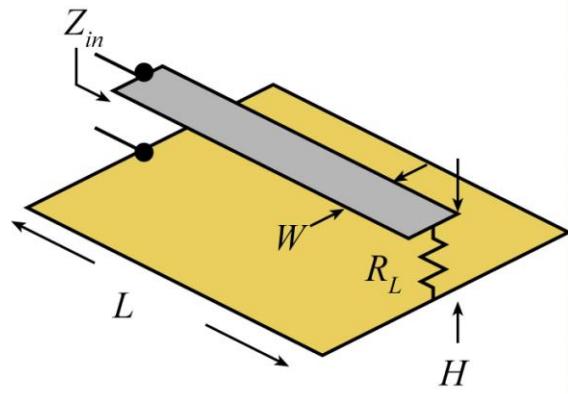
Part b, 10 points

If the line is loaded by  $R_L=1$  Ohms, find an approximate value for  $Z_{in}$  at 100MHz signal frequency. Hint: wise use of approximations will make this calculation easy.



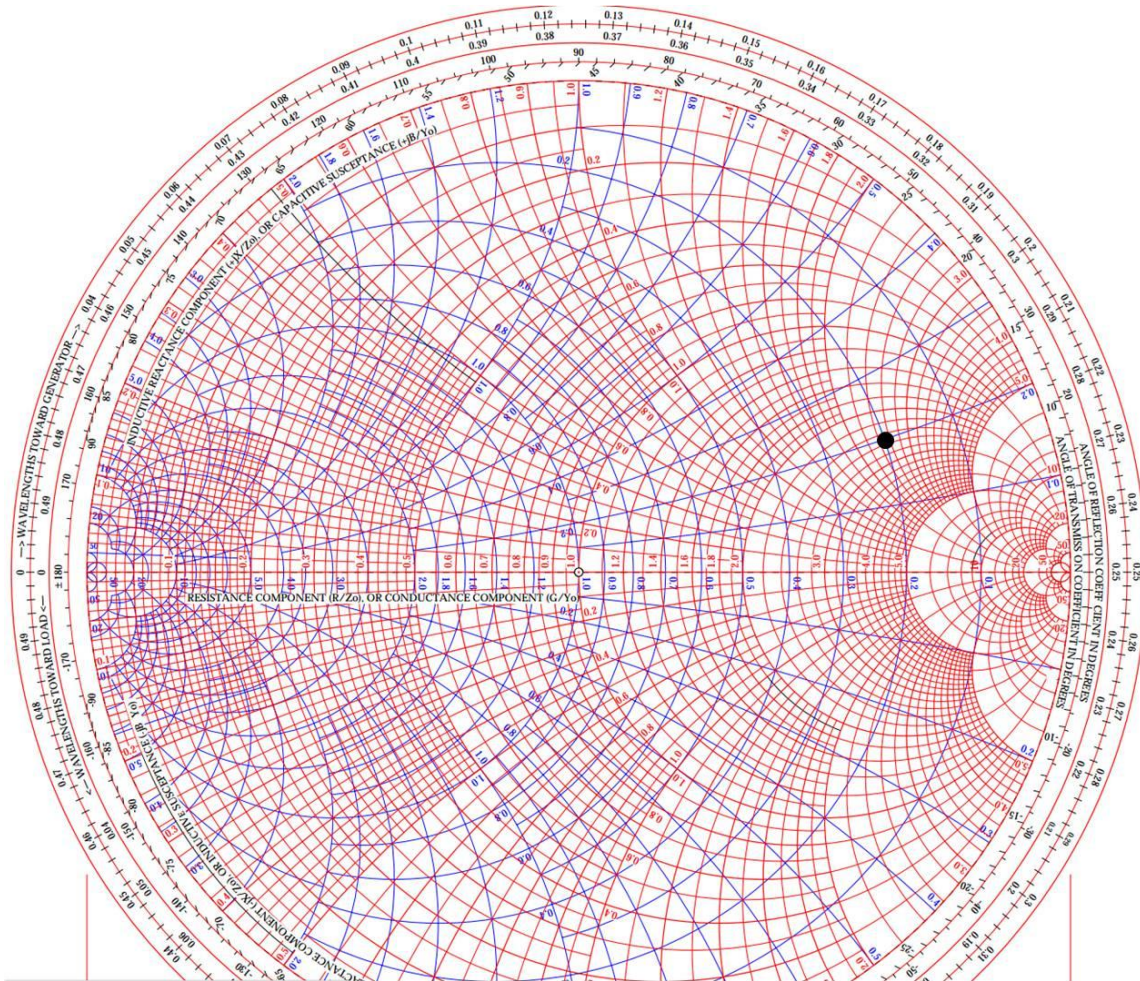
Part c, 10 points

If the line is loaded by  $R_L=1$  Ohms, find the value for  $Z_{in}$  at 2.5GHz signal frequency.



**Problem 4, 15 points**  
*Impedance-matching exercise.*

The (50 Ohm normalization) Smith chart gives the input impedance of a circuit at 1 GHz signal frequency. Design a lumped-element matching network which converts this impedance to **50 Ohms** at 1 GHz. Give all element values.







**Problem 5, 15 points**

*Signal flow graphs*

We have a cascade of two amplifiers, "x" and "y". The signal flow graph is also shown.

Find  $S_{11}$  and  $S_{21}$  of the resulting combination.

