## Correction to "InP Bipolar ICs: Scaling Roadmaps, Frequency Limits, Manufacturable Technologies"

By Mark J. W. Rodwell, Minh Le, and Berinder Brar

In the above paper [1], we wish to call the attention of the readership to errors that appear in Section II-C, p. 276. The values of the semiconductor dielectric relaxation  $\omega_d$  frequencies were not printed. The values are as follows: for N-type InGaAs at ~3.5  $\cdot 10^{19}$ /cm<sup>3</sup> doping,  $\omega_d/2\pi = 800$  THz, while for P-type InGaAs at ~7  $\cdot 10^{19}$  cm<sup>3</sup> doping,  $\omega_d/2\pi = 80$  THz.

## REFERENCES

 M. J. W. Rodwell, M. Le, and B. Brar, "InP bipolar ICs: Scaling roadmaps, frequency limits, manufacturable technologies," *Proc. IEEE*, vol. 96, no. 2, pp. 271–286, Feb. 2008. The expression giving the variation with frequency of the semiconductor bulk resistivity  $\rho(j\omega)$  was also misprinted. The text should read "Because  $\omega_d$  and  $\omega_p$  far exceed anticipated HBT bandwidths, the emitter, base and subcollector bulk resistivities all can be approximated as  $\rho(j\omega) \sim \rho_{\rm DC}(1 + j\omega/\omega_s)$ ."

Manuscript received January 28, 2007.

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Digital Object Identifier: 10.1109/JPROC.2008.918954