

# [Ryan Chau | Eric Hsieh | Anna Koh | Sachen Sampath | Christine Wan ]

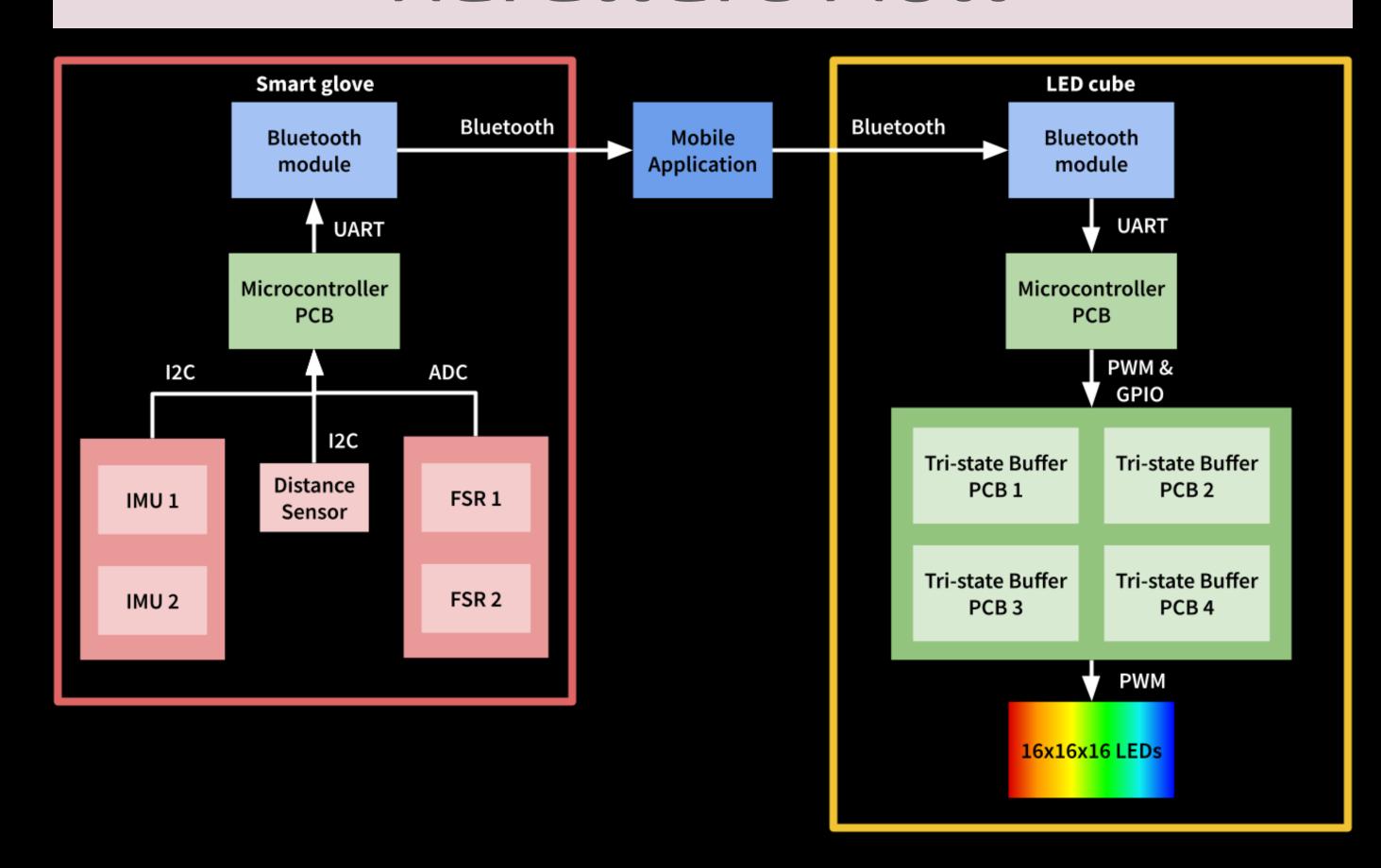
#### Abstract

Visualizing 3D figures on a traditional 2D display is a challenge because of the lack of a realistic and immersive experience. We built a 3D RGB LED matrix display controlled wirelessly by a smart glove and mobile device to generate a representation of 3D mathematical graphs and models.

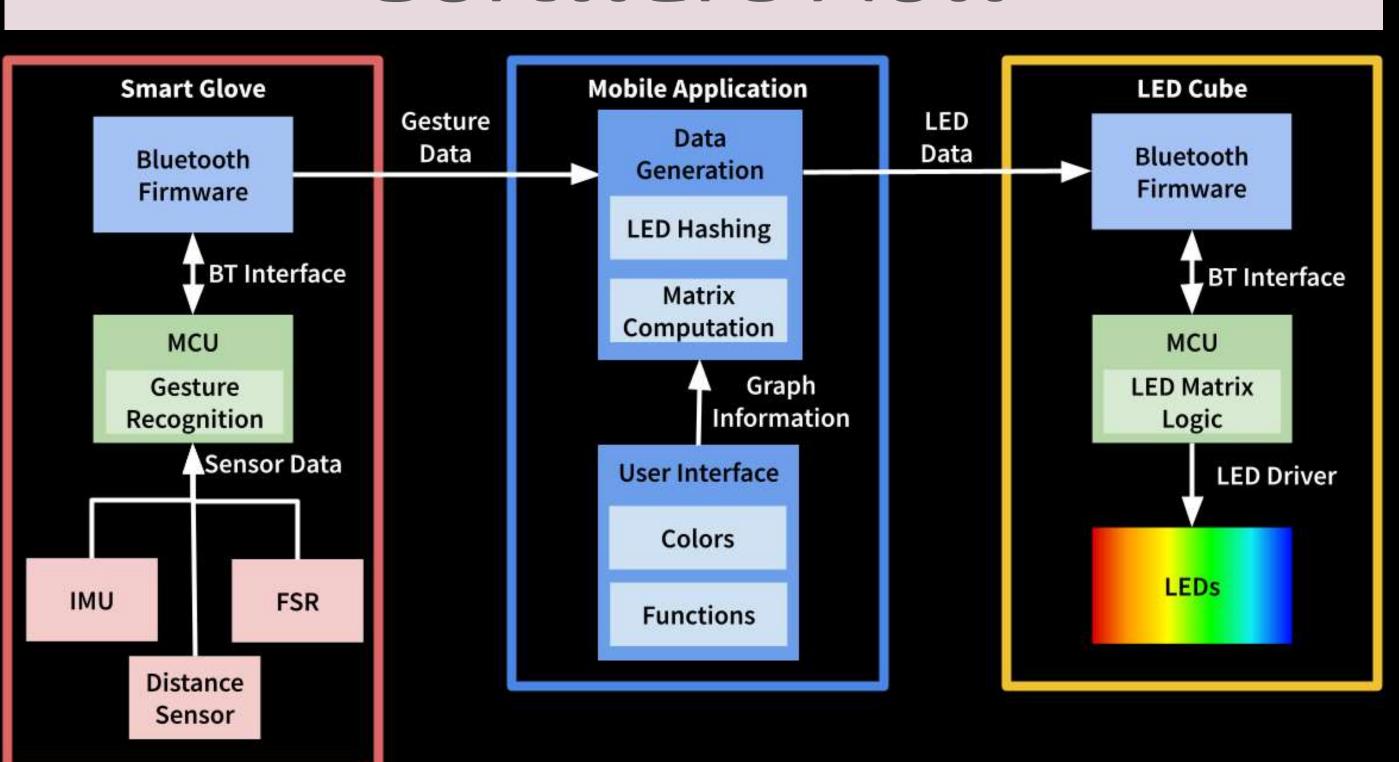
#### **Key Features:**

- Input math function from mobile application connected via Bluetooth
- Display figure on 16x16x16 LED matrix
- Control figure with hand gestures sent through smart glove connected via Bluetooth

## Hardware Flow



## Software Flow

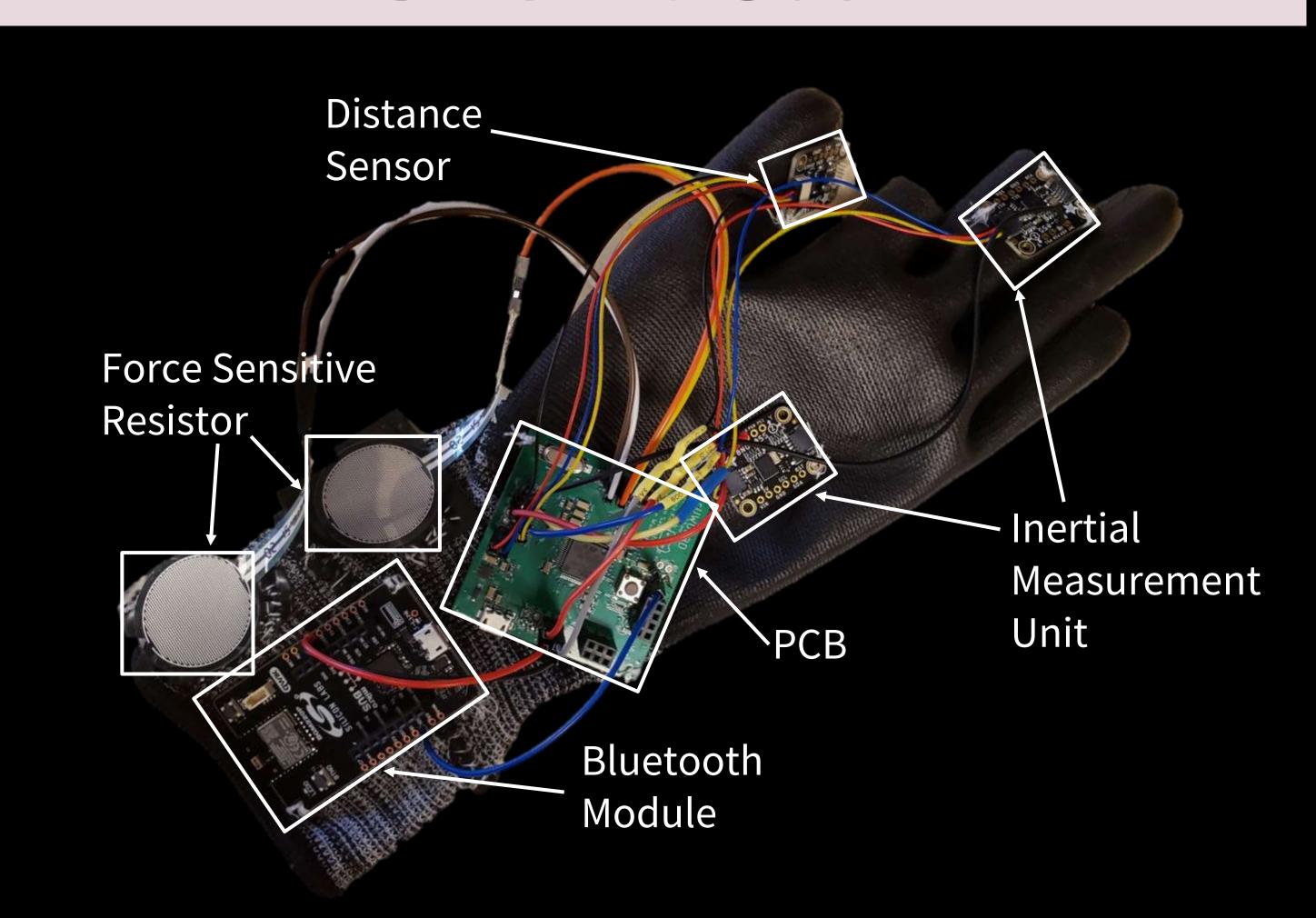


#### LED Cube



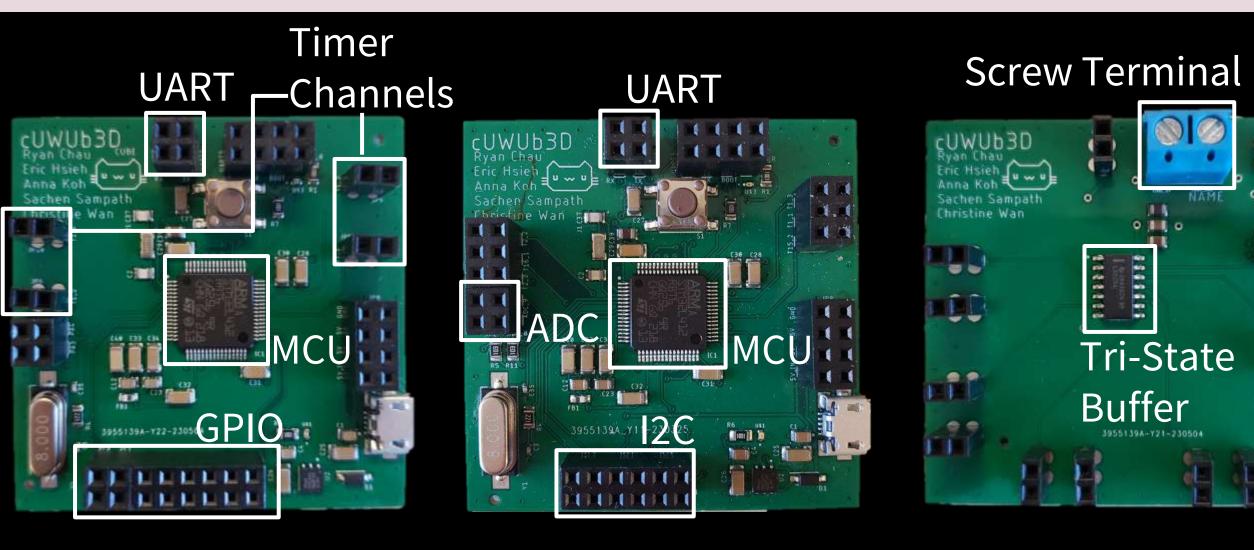
- LED matrix built with individually addressable LEDs
- Runs on 4 separate power supplies connected to wall socket
- Metal base plate as a heat sink to prevent overheating

## Smart Glove



- 10 gestures defined with different levels of precision
- IMU measures finger movements and palm rotations with linear acceleration and angular rotation
- Distance Sensor measures distance between thumb and pointer finger for magnification control
- FSR serve as haptic buttons for gesture selection

#### Custom PCBs

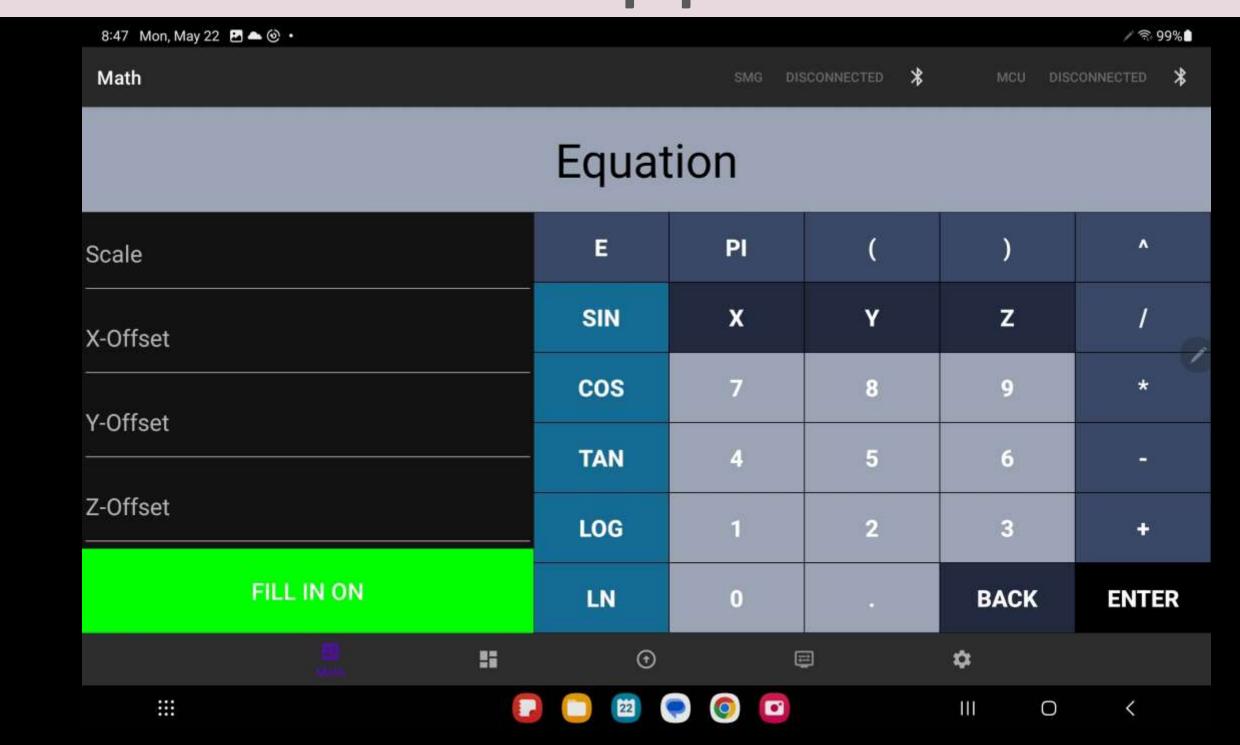


**LED Matrix MCU PCB** Receives input and drives LED matrix with a STM32

**Smart Glove MCU PCB** Reads glove sensors and determines hand gesture with a STM32

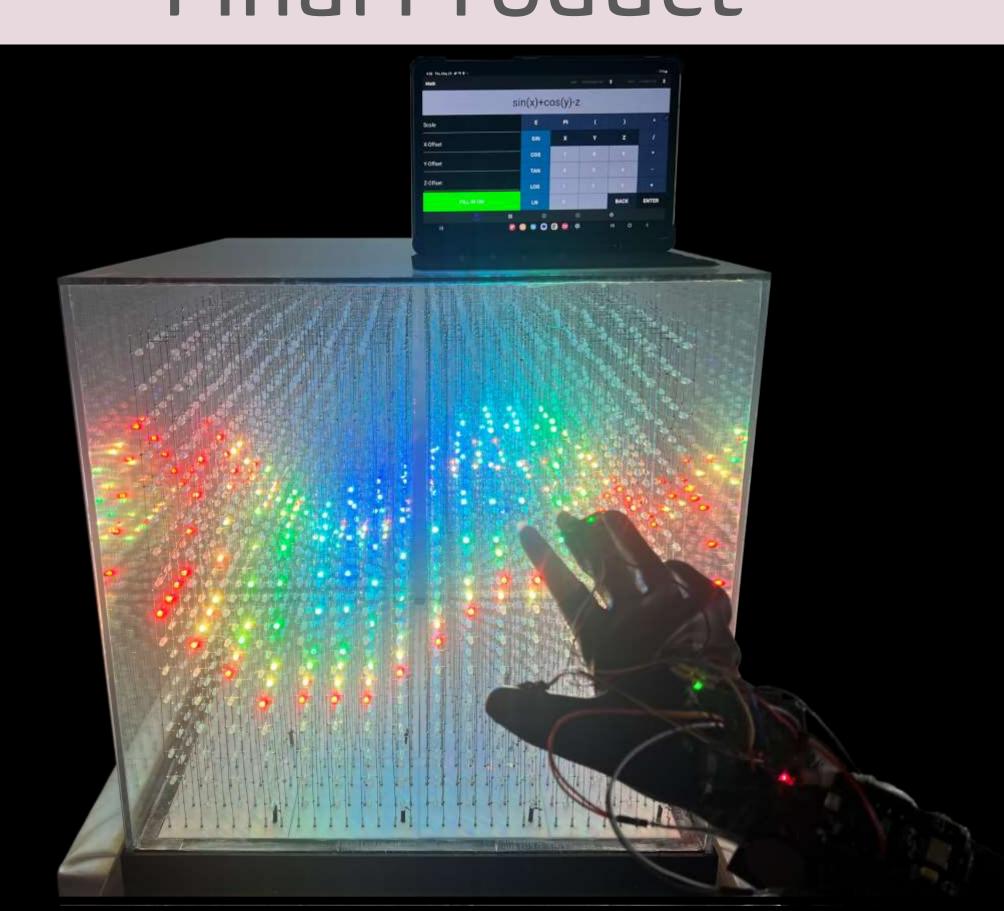
**Tri-State Buffer PCB** Opens input and output pins for tristate buffer

# Mobile Application



Mathematical Equation Input User Interface

# Final Product





Special thanks to Yogananda Isukapalli, Venkat Krishnan, Jimmy Kraemer, Alex Lai, Christopher Wimmel, Adam Yu, Simon Yu, Michael Cheng, Min Jian Yang, Lucy Lue, Eric Zuo, and Malt Whiskey





UC **SANTA BARBARA** College of Engineering