

2019 Fall Quarter Design Review

## **IntelliSight Team**

Vanessa Mejia

&

Xinyuan Zhang

### **Purpose**

According to an October 2019 report by the World Health Organization (WHO), there are at least 2.2 billion people worldwide with vision impairment

#### Goal:

 By wearing IntelliSight sunglasses, visually impaired people can get the basic ability to identify their surrounding and no longer heavily rely on the help from others

### **Functionality - Modes**

- Two modes
  - Single / double press button to switch mode
- Single press -> Camera Mode:
  - Capture a picture
- Double press -> Orientation Mode:
  - Double press button to activates / inactivate the mode
  - Nod twice to get the name of building they facing

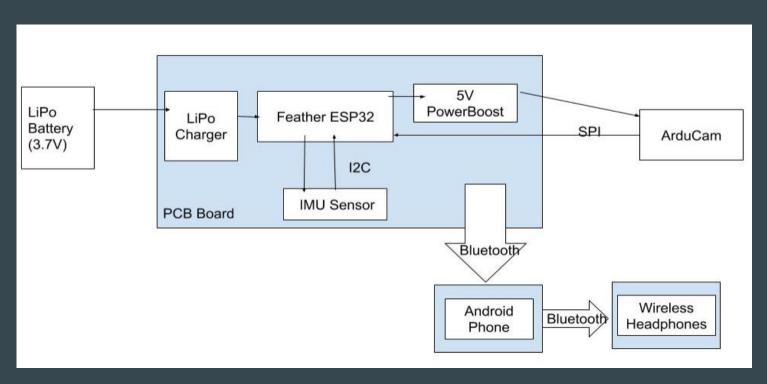
### **Functionality - Orientation**

- When user nodding, the IMU collect the data about the orientation
- MicroController receive data via I2C
- Application on the phone receives the data via bluetooth
- Analysis the building that user facing
- Sending results back to the headphone via bluetooth

### Functionality - Camera

- ingle press button to take picture
- Microcontroller receive picture via **SPI**
- Application on the phone receives the data via bluetooth
- Recognizing objects in the image
- Sending results back to the headphone via bluetooth

# **Block Diagram**



# **COMPONENTS**

# **Power Support**

#### Lithium-Ion Battery:

• Output Voltage: 3.7 V

#### USB LiPo Charger:

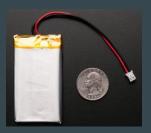
• Charge: 5 V

• Input : Mini-B usb, Barrel jack

• Output voltage: 3.7

PowerBoost: Adafruit MiniBoost

Camera operates at 5V



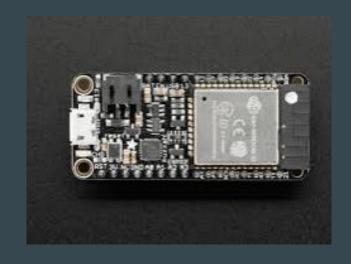




### <u>Microcontroller</u>

#### ESP32 Feather Board:

- Operating voltage: 3.7 V
  - Powered by the LiPo battery
- Output voltage: 3.3 V with EN
- $\bullet$  I2C  $\rightarrow$  IMU
- SPI → Camera
- Bluetooth Module → Android phone



### **Data Collection**

#### IMU: BNO055

- I2C
- Movement interrupt (INT)
- Operating Voltage: 3.3 V 5V

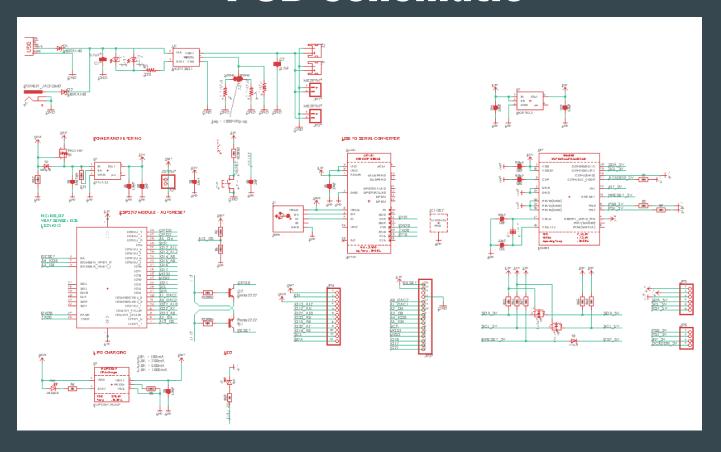
#### ArduCam Mini 2MP Camera:

- SPI
- Active pixel size: 1600×1200
- Operating Voltage: 5 V, 70 mA

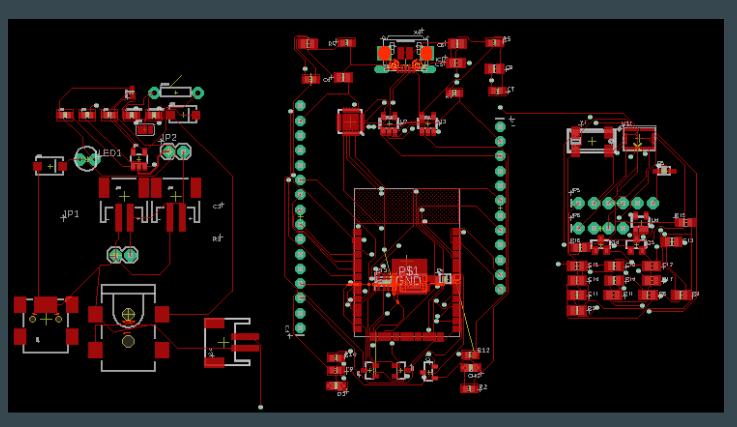




### **PCB Schematic**



### **PCB Layout**



### Software

#### Orientation mode:

- Receive data from IMU via bluetooth
  - Absolute orientation
  - Angular velocity vector
- Identify the building by using Geolocation API
- Send the name of the building to the wireless headphones

#### Capture mode:

- Receive captured picture via bluetooth
- Identify the objects in the picture using
  Cloud Vision API
- Send the information to the wireless headphones

### **Future Goals**

#### End of Fall 2018:

- Have all the components working successfully with each other
- PCB Design Work on removing the parts we are not directly using

#### Winter 2019 Goals:

- Develop android application on the phone
- PCB Board successfully working

### A special thanks to:

Yogananda Isukapalli

Aditya Wadaskar

Kyle Douglas

# Questions?